



**AUDITED RESULTS AND
DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT**
for the year ended 31 December 2013

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



Headline earnings per share

▲ **16%**
to **118,7 cents**
(2012: 102,6 cents)

Attributable profit

▲ **41%**
to **R1 177,2 million**
(2012: R836,7 million)

Earnings per share

▲ **40%**
to **199,1 cents**
(2012: 141,8 cents)

Total ordinary dividend

▲ **13%**
to **37,1 cents per share**
(2012: 32,9 cents)

Increase in net asset value to **1 926 cents** (2012: 1 609 cents)

Net interest-bearing debt to total shareholders' interest of **21%** (2012: 7%)



STRATEGIC HIGHLIGHTS



- Matola coal terminal and Maputo car terminal expansion
- Further expansion in the rail business
- Good project pipeline being secured
- Expansion in the shipping fleet and joint ventures
- Strategic investments in agricultural businesses
- Expanded financial services offerings



BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT



- Industrial commodity demand continues
- Rail demand continues
- African growth strong and infrastructure opportunities remain intact
- Continued growth in global dry-bulk seaborne trade
- Scrapping exceeds newbuild deliveries in handysize market
- Uncertainty in the trading patterns in the tanker market
- Severe competition and pricing volatility in agricultural commodities
- Currency volatility



RESULTS 2013



MANAGEMENT INCOME STATEMENT 2013



R million	2013	2012	Comments
Revenue	32 135	35 267	Decrease due to 50% sale of Cockett in 2012
Trading profit	1 784	1 439	Increased volumes in terminals offset by decline in the trading business
Depreciation and amortisation	(618)	(485)	Increased capital expenditure in ships, terminals and currency
Non-trading items	484	211	FCTR release net of impairments
Net interest paid	(152)	(66)	Interest paid increases with capital expenditure-related costs
Taxation	(230)	(194)	
Non-controlling interest shareholders	(36)	(11)	
Preference dividends	(55)	(57)	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	1 177	837	
Average rate of exchange	ZAR/USD	9,67	8,22



HEADLINE EARNINGS – 2013



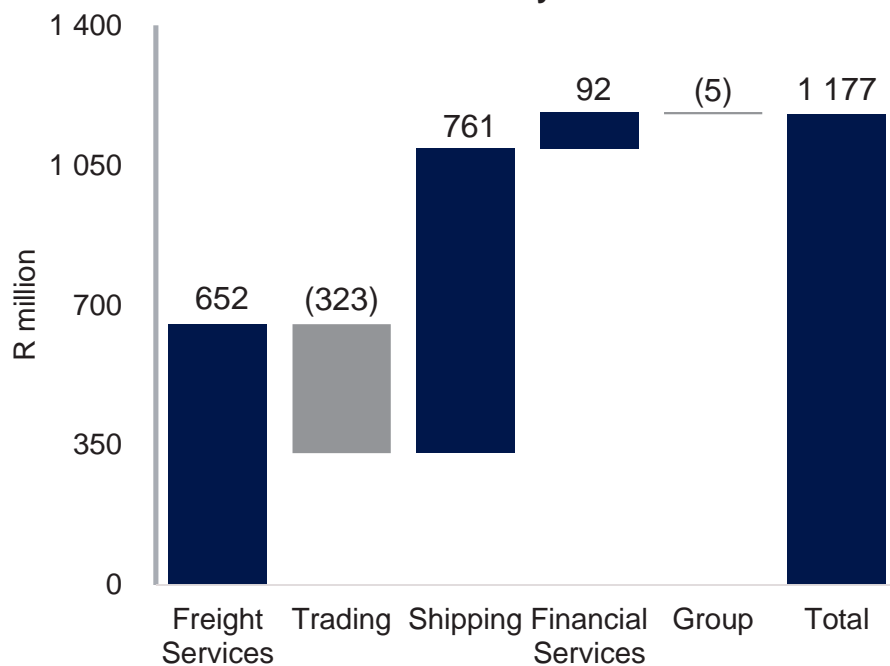
R million	2013	2012	Growth %
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	1 177	837	41
Adjusted for:	(475)	(231)	106
Foreign currency translation reserve recycled upon cessation of operations following restructure	(698)	–	
Net profit on disposals	(79)	(455)	(83)
Impairments	310	224	38
Negative goodwill	(8)	–	
Headline earnings	702	606	16



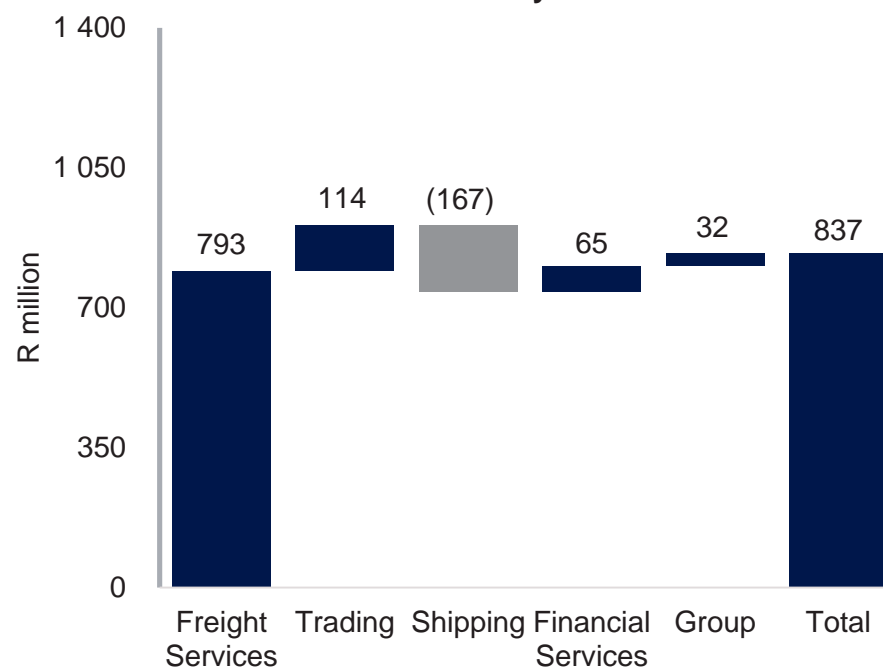
ATTRIBUTABLE INCOME BY DIVISION



2013 Attributable income by division



2012 Attributable income by division



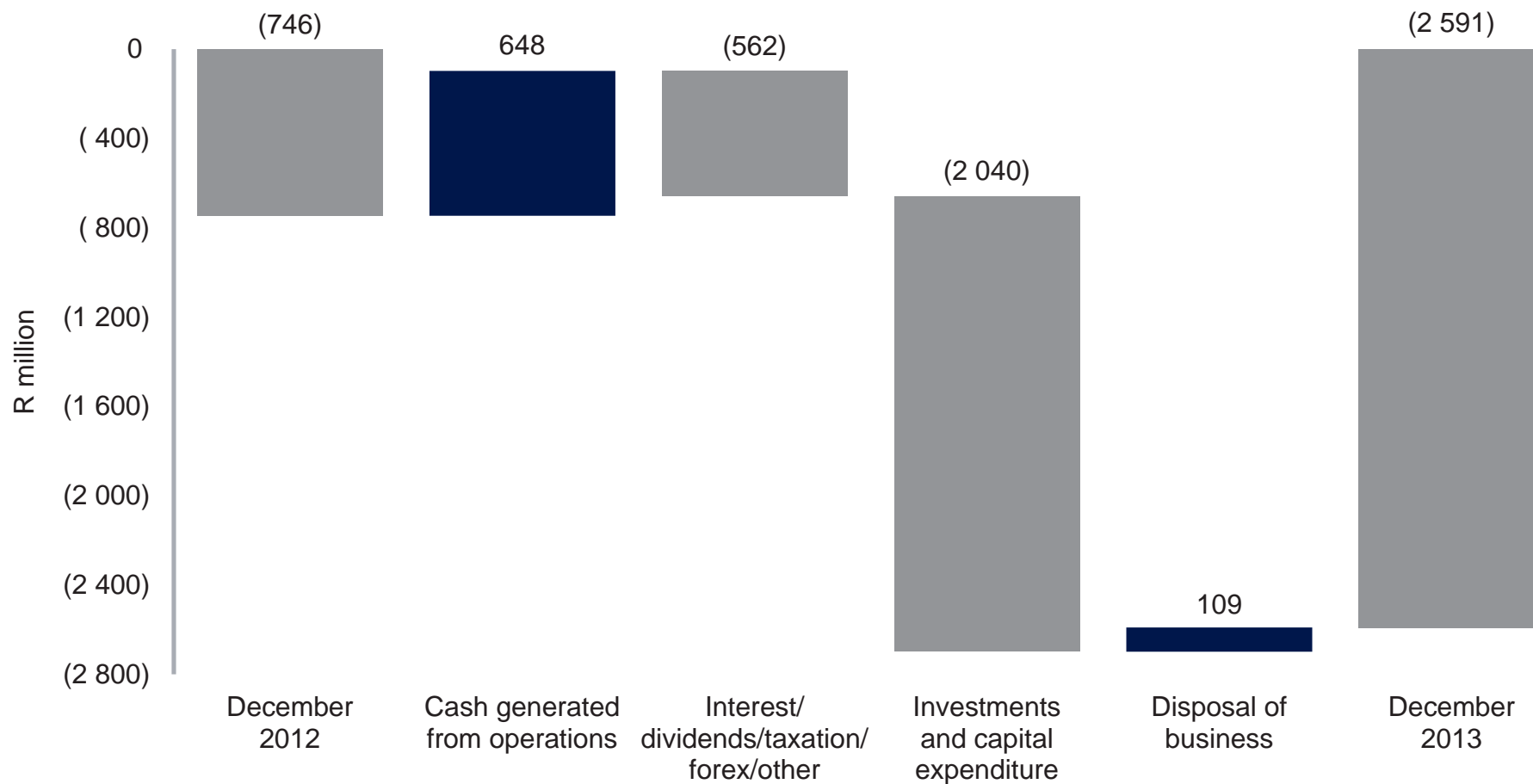
MANAGEMENT BALANCE SHEET



R million	2013	2012	Growth %	Comments
Property, plant and equipment				
Freight Services	2 952	2 108	40	Acquisitions in terminals, vehicles and equipment
Trading	86	125	(31)	Transfer to non-current assets held for sale
Shipping	6 318	4 800	32	Acquisitions and weaker rand
Financial Services	169	37	356	Increase in property
Group	63	39	62	
Intangible assets	1 168	1 150	2	
Investments in associates	1 491	706	111	Investment in new associates
Other assets	4 606	4 250	8	
Current assets	16 534	12 347	34	Increase in bank and cash and non-current assets held for sale
Total assets	33 387	25 562	31	
Shareholders' equity	12 137	10 228	19	Increased earnings and weaker rand
Interest-bearing borrowings	6 948	6 533	6	
Deposits from bank customers	8 015	4 674	71	Increased call deposits including SASSA deposits
Other liabilities	6 287	4 127	52	Increase in non-current liabilities held for sale
Total equity and liabilities	33 387	25 562	31	
Closing rate of exchange ZAR/USD	10,55	8,48		



NET DEBT ANALYSIS



CAPITAL COMMITMENTS AND EXPENDITURE



(R million)	Capital expenditure	Capital commitments				Split as follows	
	2013	2014	2015	2016+	Total	Approved not contracted	Approved and contracted
Freight Services	982	560	42	207	809	416	393
Ports and Terminals	309	200	13	–	213	84	129
Rail	231	178	29	207	414	263	151
Intermodal	194	182	–	–	182	69	113
Other Logistics	248	–	–	–	–	–	–
Trading	774	–	–	–	–	–	–
Agricultural commodities	763	–	–	–	–	–	–
Industrial raw materials	11	–	–	–	–	–	–
Shipping	923	106	559	177	842	176	666
Dry-bulk	449	106	559	177	842	176	666
Tankers	474	–	–	–	–	–	–
Financial Services	136	–	–	–	–	–	–
Group	53	3	4	4	11	11	–
	2 868	669	605	388	1 662	603	1 059
Split as follows:							
Subsidiary	2 020	431	46	227	704	359	345
Joint venture	848	238	559	161	958	244	714

Commitments exclude planned expansion at Maputo, Richards Bay and Coega are subject to Board approval



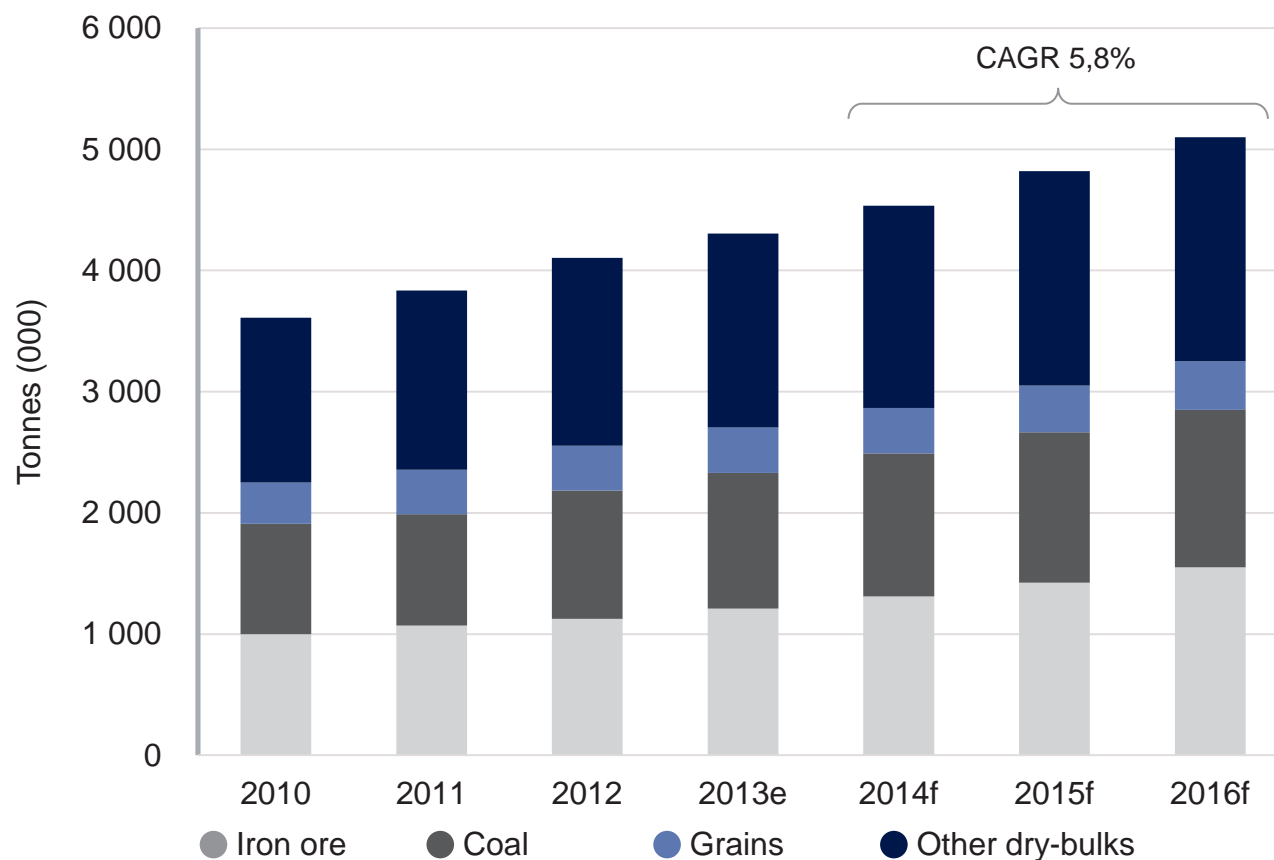
MARKETS



DRY-BULK SEABORNE TRADE



Global dry-bulk seaborne trade

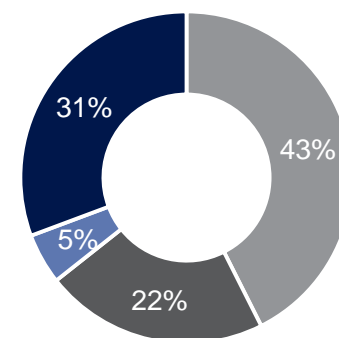


f = forecast e = estimate CAGR – compound annual growth rate
Source: Hartland Shipping Services Ltd, January 2014

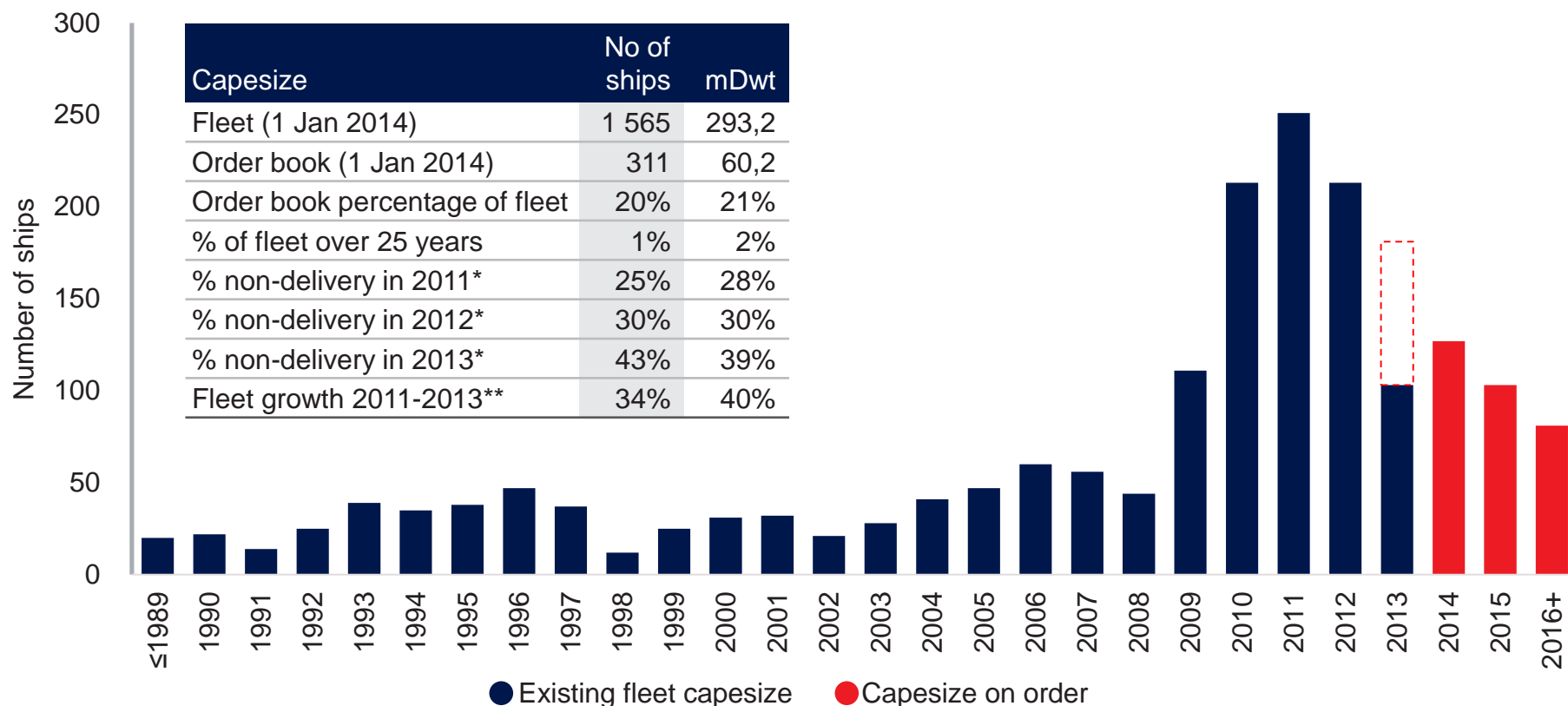
Global dry-bulk seaborne trade is estimated to have grown by **5,1%** in 2013 and reached **4,3** billion tonnes.

Seaborne trade growth is expected to accelerate in **2014** and **2015** as recovery picks up in developed economies. Demand from emerging economies will continue to grow, albeit at a lower rate.

Contribution to growth by commodity



Capesize bulk carriers



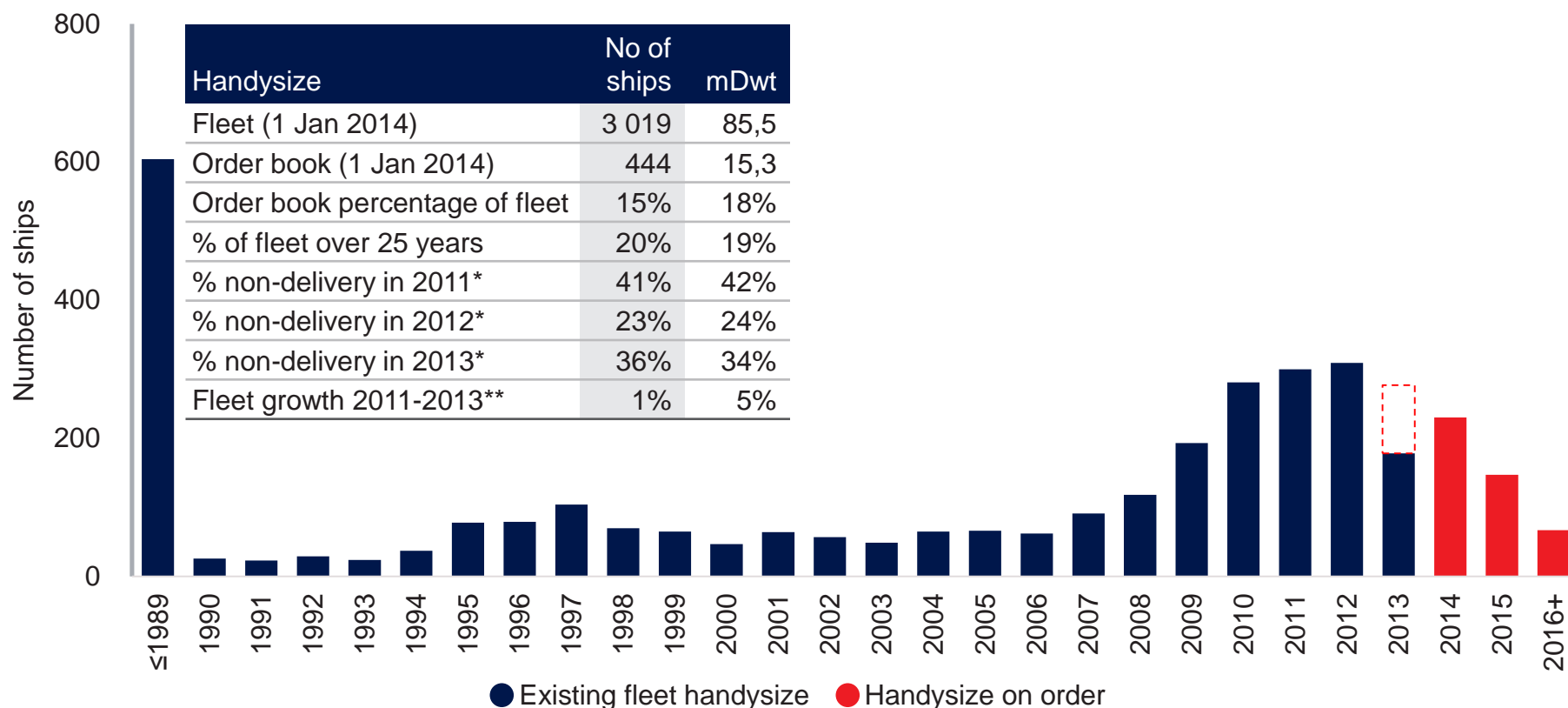
* Non-deliveries are estimates based on vessels that were scheduled to be delivered according to the opening order book, but due to delays, cancellations, renegotiations of contracts and new market information, have not yet entered the fleet

** Fleet growth is from 1 January 2011 until 1 January 2014

Source: Clarksons Research, January 2014



Handysize bulk carriers



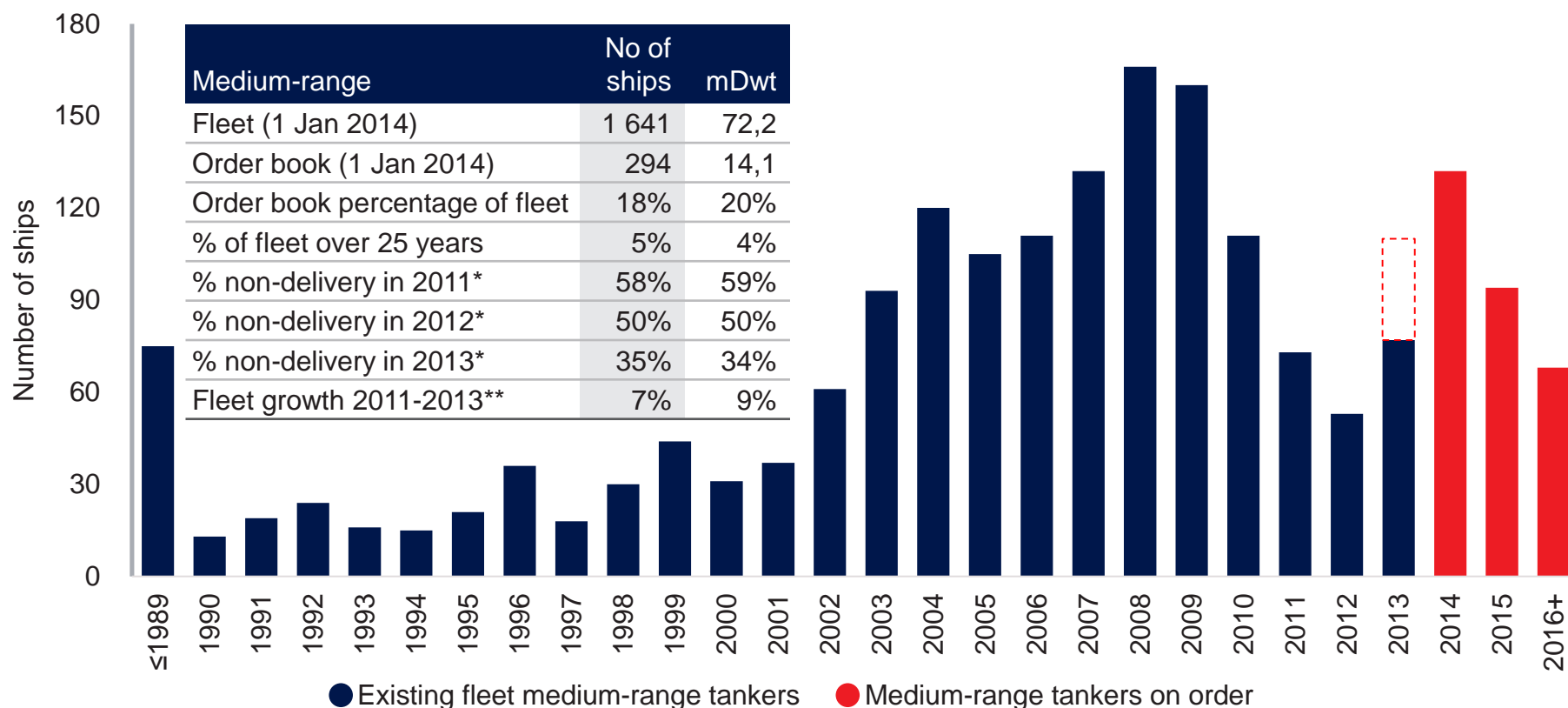
* Non-deliveries are estimates based on vessels that were scheduled to be delivered according to the opening order book, but due to delays, cancellations, renegotiations of contracts and new market information, have not yet entered the fleet

** Fleet growth is from 1 January 2011 until 1 January 2014

Source: Clarksons Research, January 2014



Medium-range products tankers



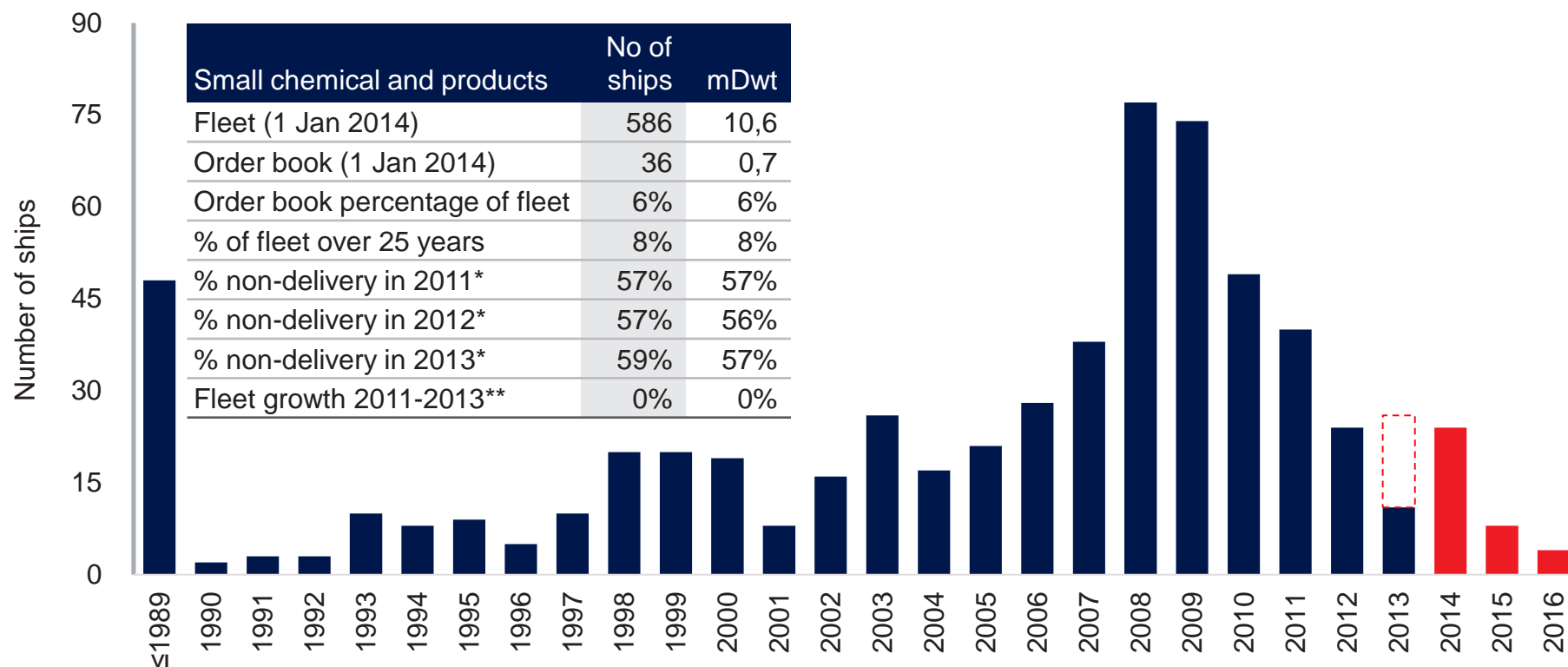
* Non-deliveries are estimates based on vessels that were scheduled to be delivered according to the opening order book, but due to delays, cancellations, renegotiations of contracts and new market information, have not yet entered the fleet

** Fleet growth is from 1 January 2011 until 1 January 2014

Source: Clarksons Research, January 2014



Small chemical and products tankers



● Existing fleet chemical and products tankers 15k-20k dwt ● Chemical and products tankers 15k-20k dwt on order

* Non-deliveries are estimates based on vessels that were scheduled to be delivered according to the opening order book, but due to delays, cancellations, renegotiations of contracts and new market information, have not yet entered the fleet

** Fleet growth is from 1 January 2011 until 1 January 2014

Source: Clarksons Research, January 2014



OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

FREIGHT SERVICES



FREIGHT SERVICES



- Earnings from trading activities increased by 52,4% to R576,7 million (2012: R378,4 million), excluding a R75,8 million profit on sale of Grindrod Tank Terminals (2012: R415 million from Matola coal terminal)
- Ports, Terminals and Rail earnings from trading activities up 51,0% to R493,3 million (2012: R326,6 million)
- Logistics earnings from trading activities up 61,0% to R83,4 million (2012: R51,8 million)

Freight Services	R million	Change from 2012 %
Revenue	5 028	28
EBITDA	1 169	52
Operating income	908	65



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS – PORTS, TERMINALS AND RAIL



- Maputo port volumes up 15,0% to 17,2 million tonnes
- Significant increase in profit from Matola coal terminal
- Maputo car terminal volume up 49,5% with 71 368 vehicles moved
- Improved volumes at Richards Bay
- Significantly expanded the rail business
- Ocean Africa Container Lines seafreight service optimisation



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS – LOGISTICS



- Intermodal volumes up 9,1% to 2,3 million TEU
- Intermodal depot expansions in Johannesburg and Maputo in progress
- Contracts secured with owner equipment manufacturers through Maputo car terminal
- Vehicle volumes affected by 77 days of industrial action in automotive industry
- Fuelogic geographic expansion into Mozambique, Western and Eastern Cape (60 vehicles)



STRATEGY

- Terminal expansion: dry-bulk and liquid-bulk
- Expansion in rail businesses
- Geographic diversification

OUTLOOK

- Port and terminals volumes are expected to increase, sustained by continued seaborne commodity demand and new capacity
- Rail business to benefit from initiatives targeted at the strong demand within the sector
- Growth in Botswana, Mozambique and Namibia will underpin fuel transportation performance, offsetting a decline in petrochemical by road transport in South Africa
- The agency businesses are expected to improve through geographic expansion



OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

TRADING



TRADING



- 2013 revenue generated of R22,4 billion and net loss of R322,6 million (2012: revenue R27,1 billion and earnings of R113,5 million)
- Poor result from the Atlas business due to increased competition and an inverted market
- Atlas asset impairments and goodwill written off
- Investments in Senwes and NWK performing well
- The marine fuels business delivered pleasing results
- Industrial commodity and coal trading businesses experienced a challenging year exacerbated by labour unrest in the mining industry

Trading	R million	Change from 2012 %
Revenue	22 415	(17)
EBITDA	(93)	(136)
Operating income	(110)	(145)



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS



- Marine fuels business expanded into Dubai
- Marine fuels physical business:
 - › established oil storage in the UK (Thames), and
 - › increased Rotterdam volumes
- Oreport empowerment transaction concluded
- Acquisition of 20% shareholding in Senwes and NWK agribusinesses
- Poor Atlas performance being addressed through curtailment of operations



STRATEGY

- Focus on utilisation of group assets, services and resources providing an integrated service offering
- Consolidation of the agribusinesses

OUTLOOK

- Marine fuels market remains stable
- Further opportunity for growth and consolidation in the agricultural market



OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

SHIPPING



SHIPPING



- Earnings from trading activities R165 million (2012: loss R167 million) after excluding R596 million non-trading items

Shipping	R million	Change from 2012 %
Revenue	4 319	8
EBITDA	571	83
Operating income	236	244



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS



- Improved earnings from dry-bulk fleet in the second half
- Tanker earnings under pressure in the second half
- Average earnings per day outperformed average spot market rates
- Delivery of four new-generation eco fuel-efficient 52 000 dwt medium-range product tankers into Vitol joint venture
- Delivery of two long-term chartered new-generation eco fuel-efficient 51 000 dwt medium-range product tankers and two owned handysize bulk carriers
- Orders placed for eleven new-generation eco fuel-efficient Japanese dry-bulk carriers in new joint venture
- Orders placed for five long-term chartered eco fuel-efficient Japanese supramax bulk carriers



STRATEGY

- Careful management of owned fleet to renew and capture value
- Expand fleet under commercial management

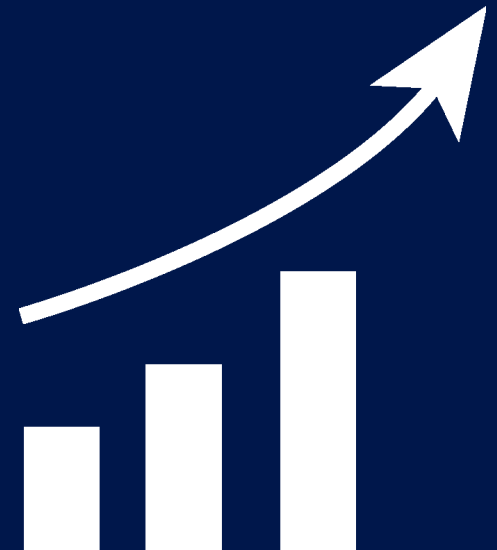
OUTLOOK

- Owned and long-term chartered fleet has a reasonable level of cover
- Dry-cargo market is expected to improve, supported by expected growth in seaborne trade
- Tanker market uncertain due to changing trade patterns



OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

FINANCIAL SERVICES



FINANCIAL SERVICES



- Attributable profit increased to R92,2 million (2012: R65,1 million)
- Assets under management up 11,8% to R12,3 billion (December 2012: R11,0 billion)
- Total funding (excluding SASSA deposits) at R4,9 billion (December 2012: R3,6 billion)
- Bank advances grew 15,6% to R3,7 billion (December 2012: R3,2 billion)

Financial Services	R million	Change from 2012 %
Revenue	371	47
EBITDA	156	22
Operating income	154	23



OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS



- South African Social Security Agency (SASSA) debit card rollout completed with 9,7 million cards in issue at year-end
- Expansion of Private Equity initiatives into UK Property Private Equity Fund
- Launch of Exchange Traded Fund product range
- Consolidation and repositioning of Plexus CIS Unit Trust Funds
- Asset management fund performance



STRATEGY

- Continue with focused expansion
- Develop business around the retail card offering
- Pursue growth in assets under management
- Focus on well-secured loans with low risk of default

OUTLOOK

- Good foundation for continued, sustainable growth across the business
- Fee income from increased card base is expected to be significant
- Strong fund performance is expected to continue attracting new assets under management
- Anticipated growth in Exchange Traded Fund market and Property Private Equity Fund



TRANSFORMATION



- Significant investment in corporate social investment (CSI) in 2013
- Worked with empowerment partner, Adopt-a-School Foundation
- Adopted King Shaka High School in 2009 with notable successes:
 - › a Matric pass rate in 2013 of 71% (2012: 62%, 2009: 35%)
 - › 18 distinctions were achieved and three students have been awarded university bursaries
 - › 10 learnerships awarded in 2014
- Three new schools targeted for adoption in 2014
- Invested in the Zizile Foundation, founded by Graca Machel, promoting early childhood development and education
- Unicorn Maritime School: During 2013, 2 030 (2012: 2 110) seafarers completed courses, of whom 258 are employed by Unicorn
- Cadet training scheme: During 2013, 24 cadets, of whom 12 were black and four were female, completed the programme (2012: 25)
- Participation in the National Cadet Training Scheme being administered by (SAMTRA) on behalf of SAMSA, providing training berths on-board our vessels



GROUP STRATEGY & OUTLOOK



STRATEGY

- To purposefully grow the business, organically, by acquisition and seeking synergies within the Group, with specific focus on Africa, to become the preferred fully integrated freight and logistics service

OUTLOOK

- Well-positioned to take advantage of an improvement in the global economy
- Well-developed pipeline of strategic projects
- South African origin, uniquely positions the Group to service African trade flows
- Execution on major projects will increase balance sheet gearing
- Board approved a R3 billion equity raise



KEY FOCUS AREAS 2014



- Execute on capital projects
- Maximise asset utilisation
- Drive to secure additional capacity
- Improve operating efficiencies and costs
- Deliver on agribusiness strategy
- Expand rail business
- Develop new infrastructure and logistics opportunities
- Develop an integrated approach to market with all Group businesses
- Drive compliance with key transformation requirements
- Manage strategic partnerships to facilitate execution and reduce risk
- Execute capital raising



ANNEXURES



TERMINAL CAPACITY



Terminals	Utilisation		% change	Annual capacity 2013	Annual plus capacity under construction	Annual capacity 2012
	2013	2012				
Dry-bulk (tonnes)	13 304 503	12 065 176	10	18 650 000	19 150 000	15 850 000
Matola coal terminal ¹	4 314 260³	4 475 649	(4)	7 300 000	7 300 000	6 000 000
Richards Bay	4 367 842	3 815 060	14	6 100 000	6 100 000	6 100 000
Maydon Wharf (Durban)	853 272	719 755	19	700 000	1 200 000	700 000
Walvis Bay (Namibia)	383 682	380 109	1	550 000	550 000	550 000
Maputo terminal	3 385 447	2 674 603	27	4 000 000	4 000 000	2 500 000
Port of Maputo	17 204 158	14 961 278	15	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maputo Car Terminal² (number of vehicles)	71 368	47 743	49	120 000	120 000	52 000

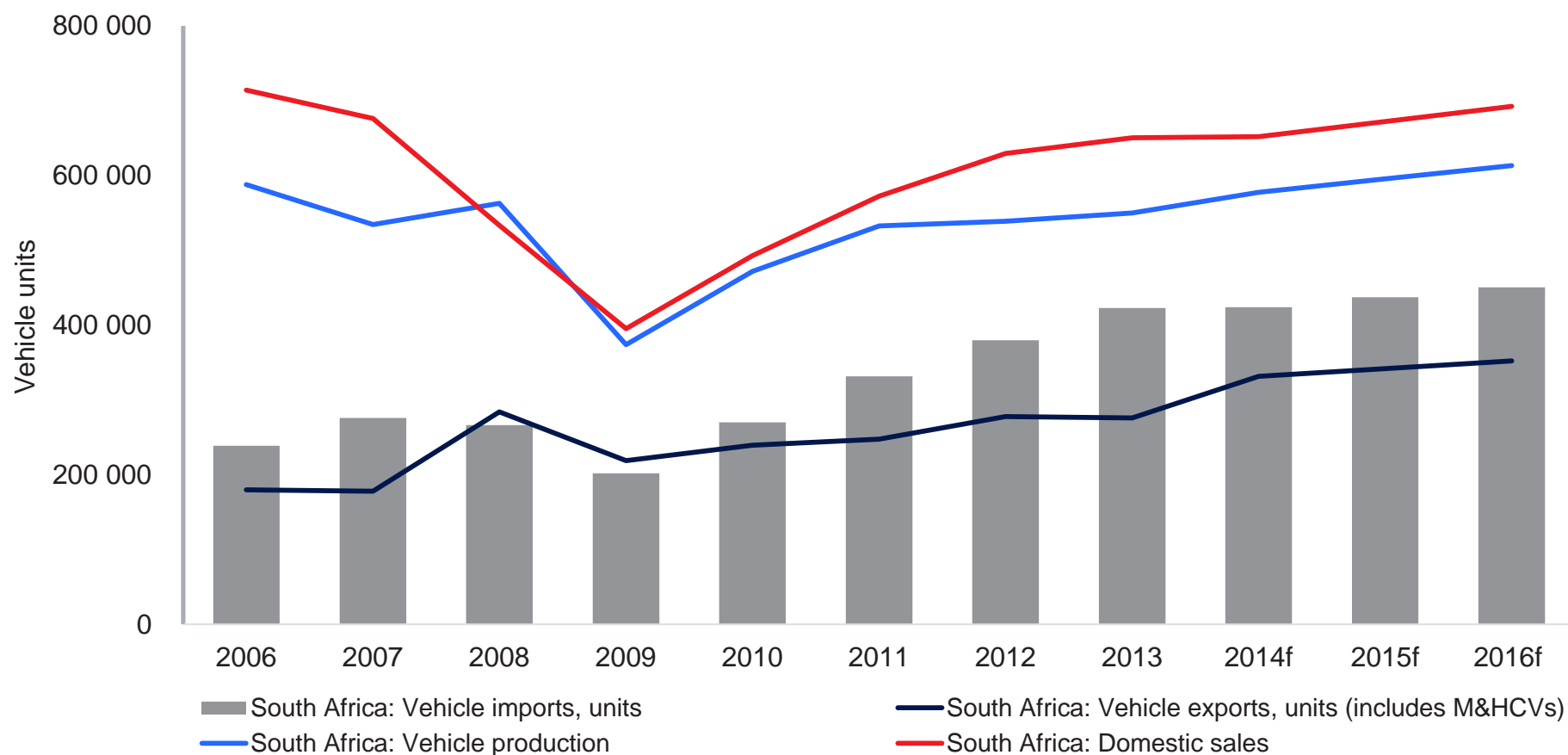
1. Increased capacity effective from 1 October 2013

2. Increased capacity effective from 1 September 2013

3. Impact of Tenga bridge collapse of approximately 1,2 million tonnes not included



AUTO INDUSTRY SECTOR – SOUTH AFRICA

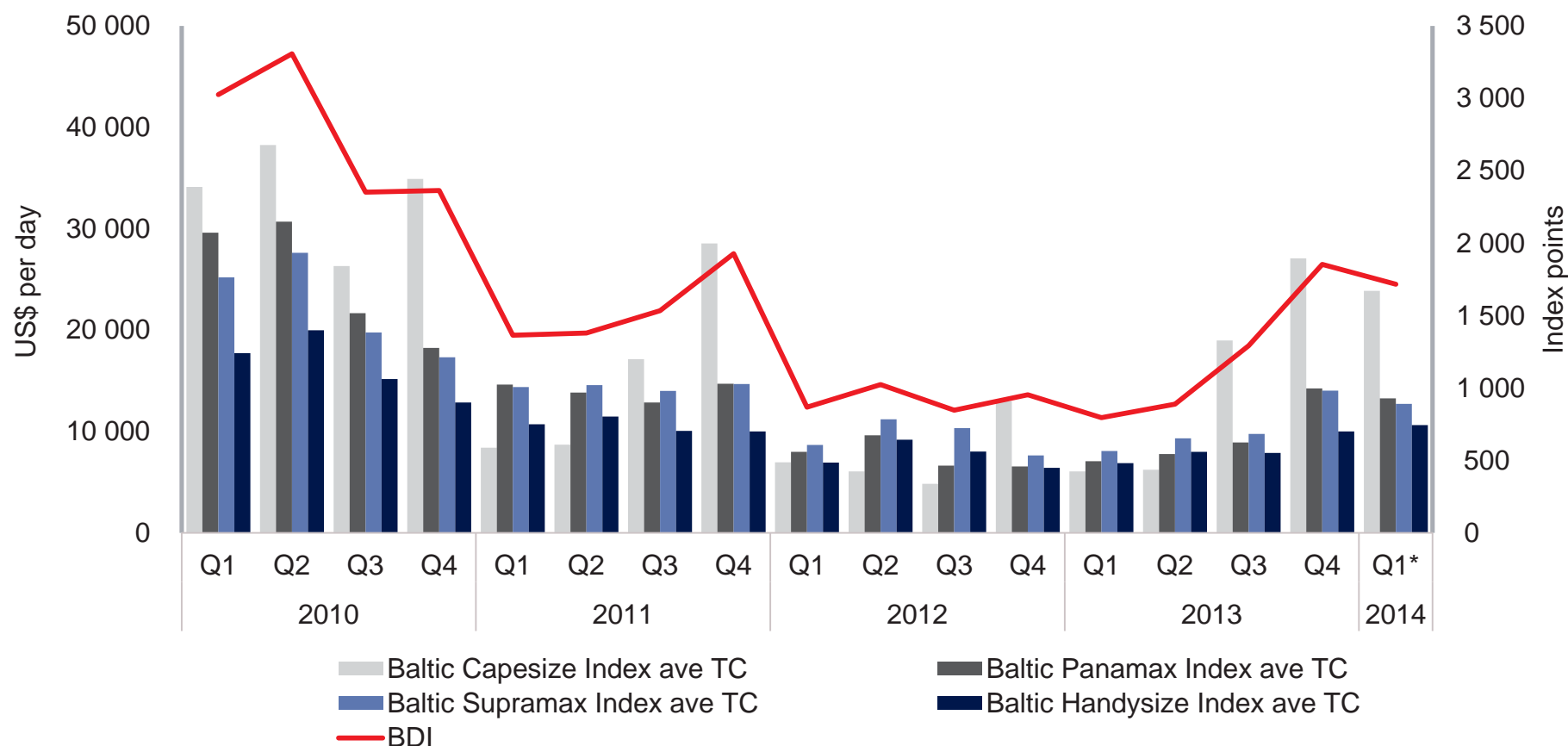


f = BMI forecast

Source: Automotive News Europe, NAAMSA, BMI forecasts, January 2014



DRY-BULK DAILY SPOT RATES (BALTIC INDICES)

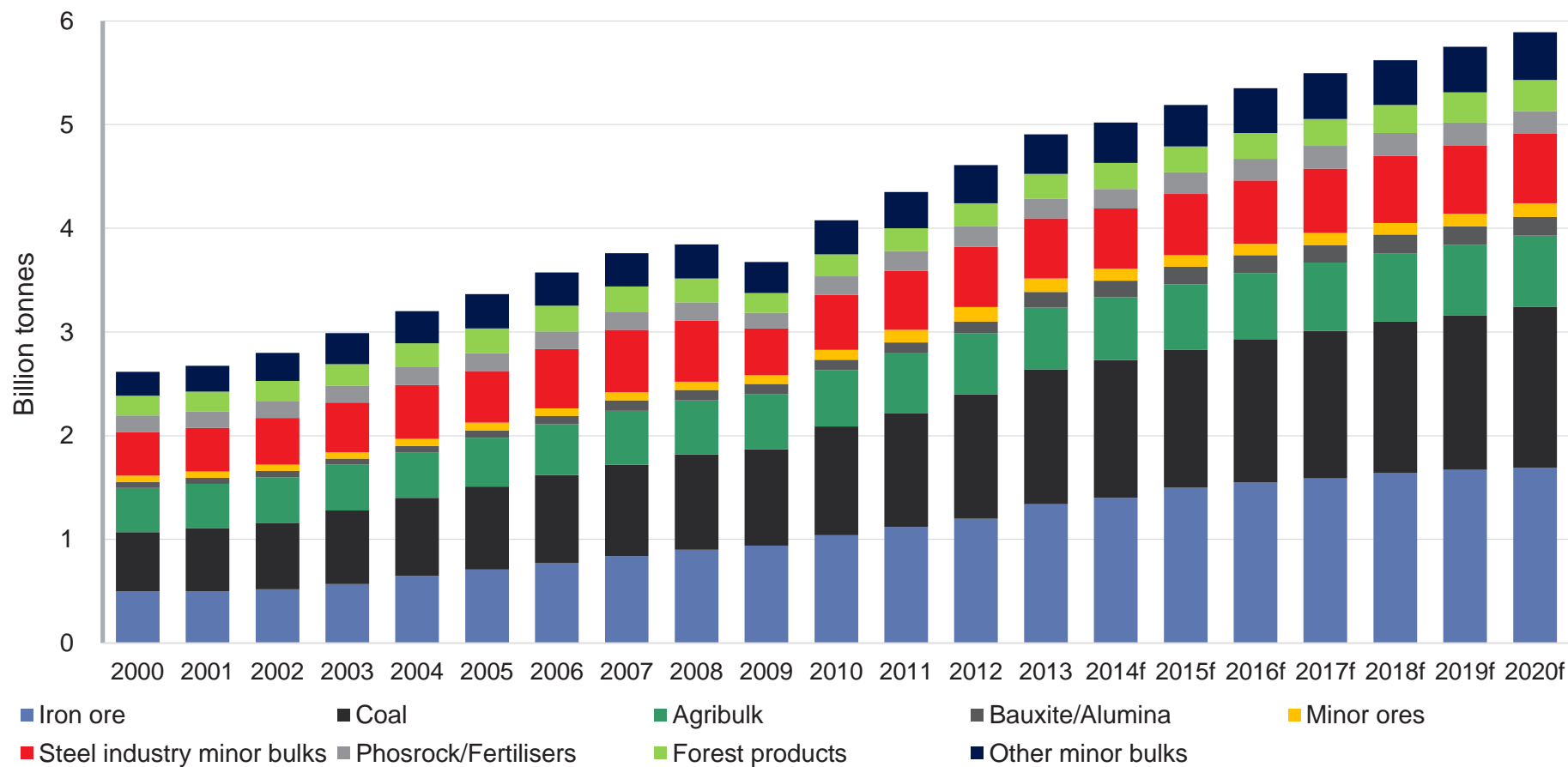


* Q1 2014: 1 January to 15 January 2014

Source: Clarksons Research (Shipping Intelligence Network), copyright Baltic Exchange, January 2014



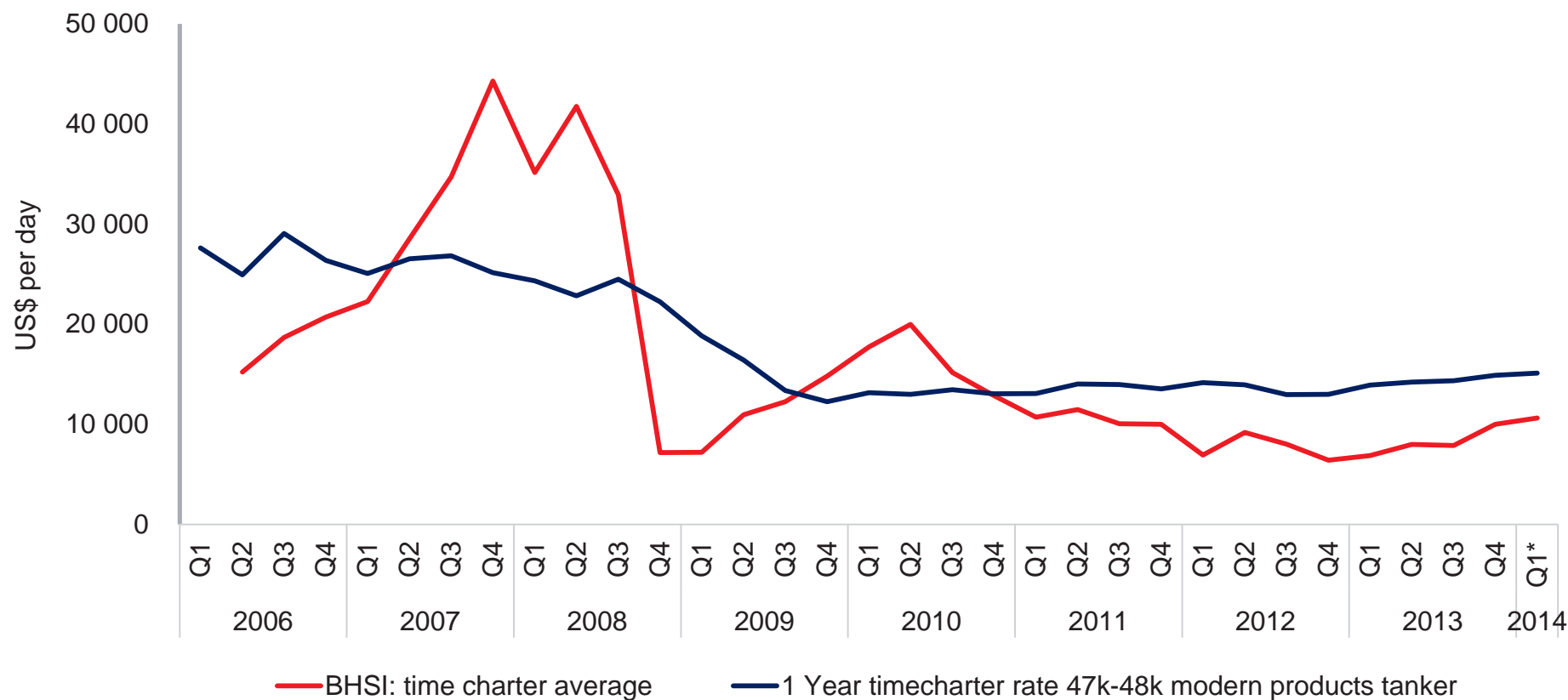
DRY-BULK TRADE GROWTH



Source: Braemar Seascope, January 2014



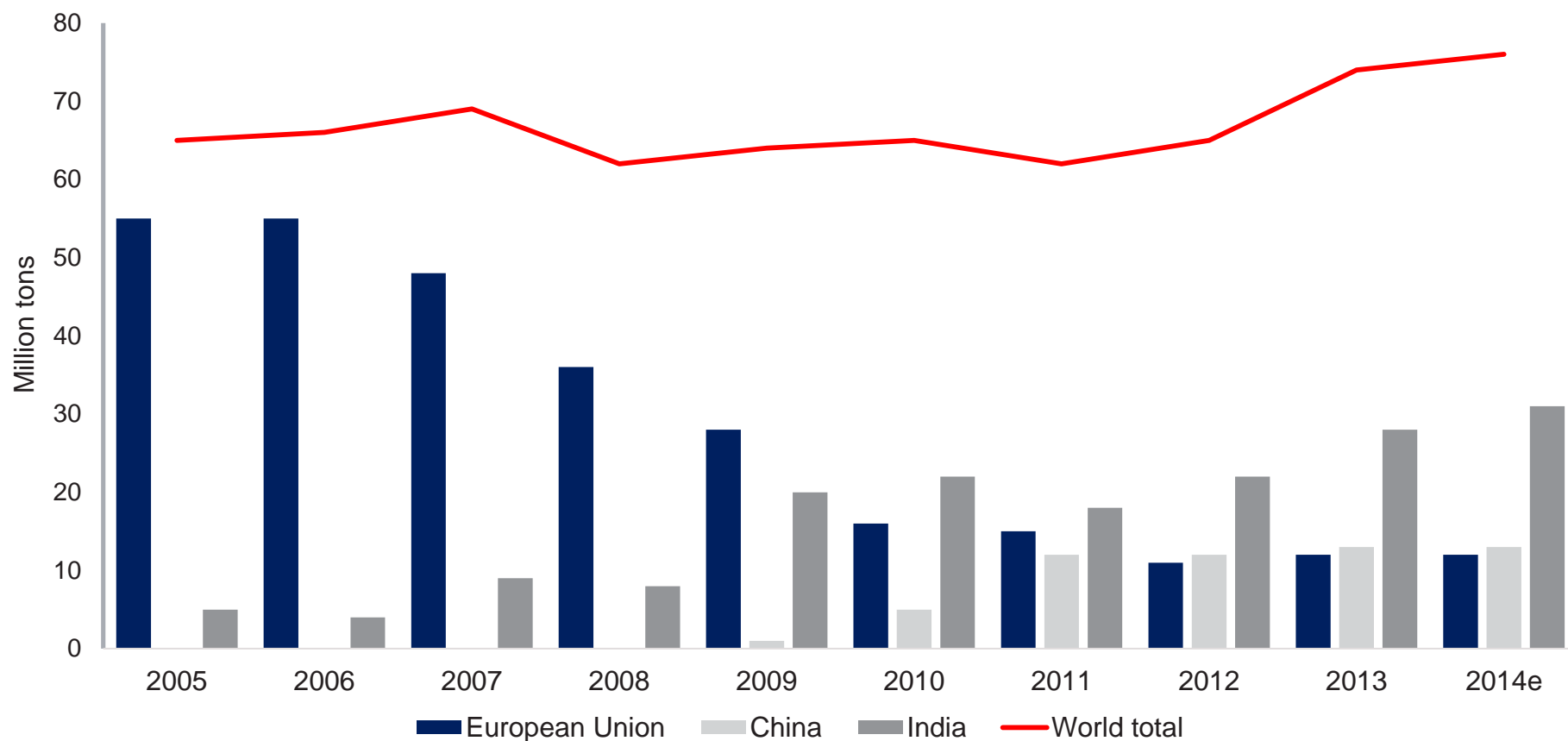
HANDYSIZE BULK CARRIER AND PRODUCTS TANKER TIME CHARTER RATES



Source: Clarksons Research (Shipping Intelligence Network), January 2014
 * Q1 2014 from 1 January to 15 January 2014



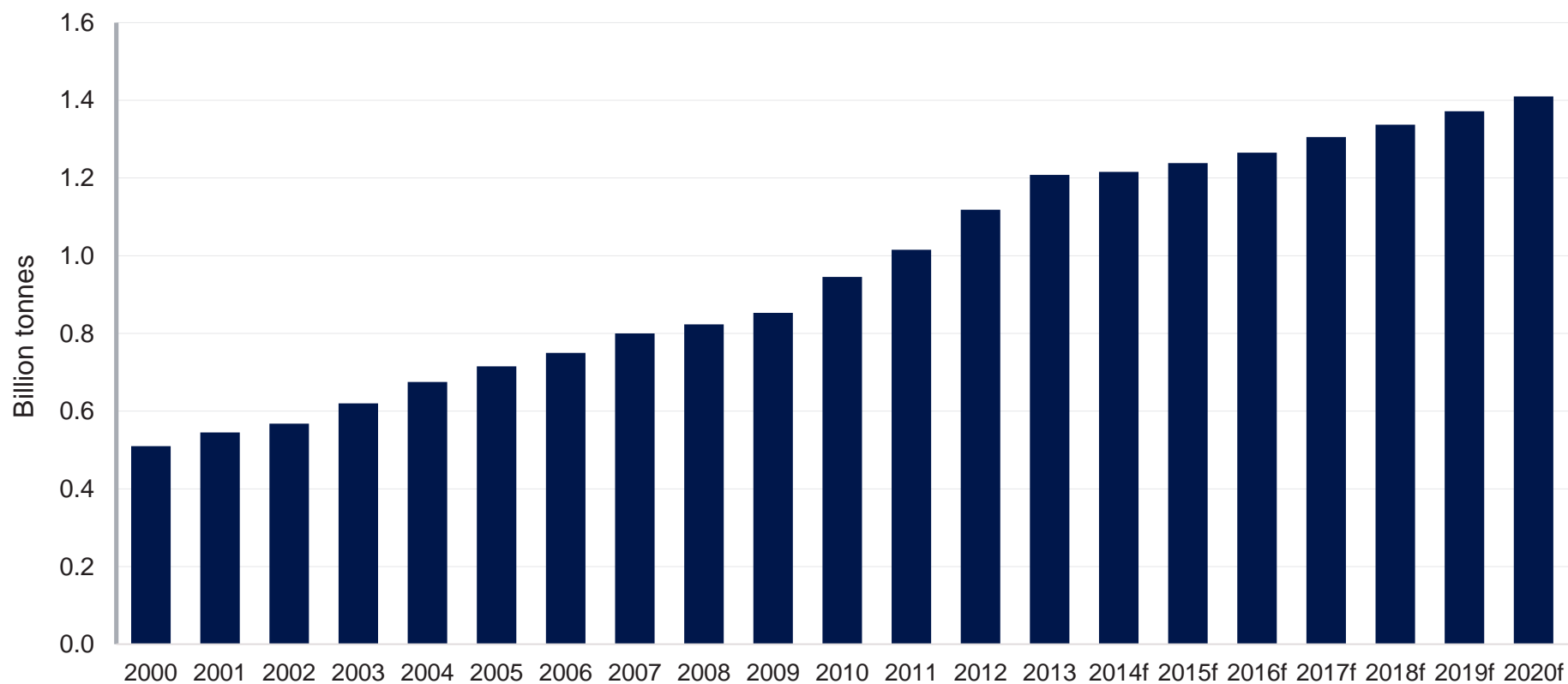
SOUTHERN AFRICAN COAL EXPORTS



Southern Africa: Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland
 Source: Maersk Broker, January 2014



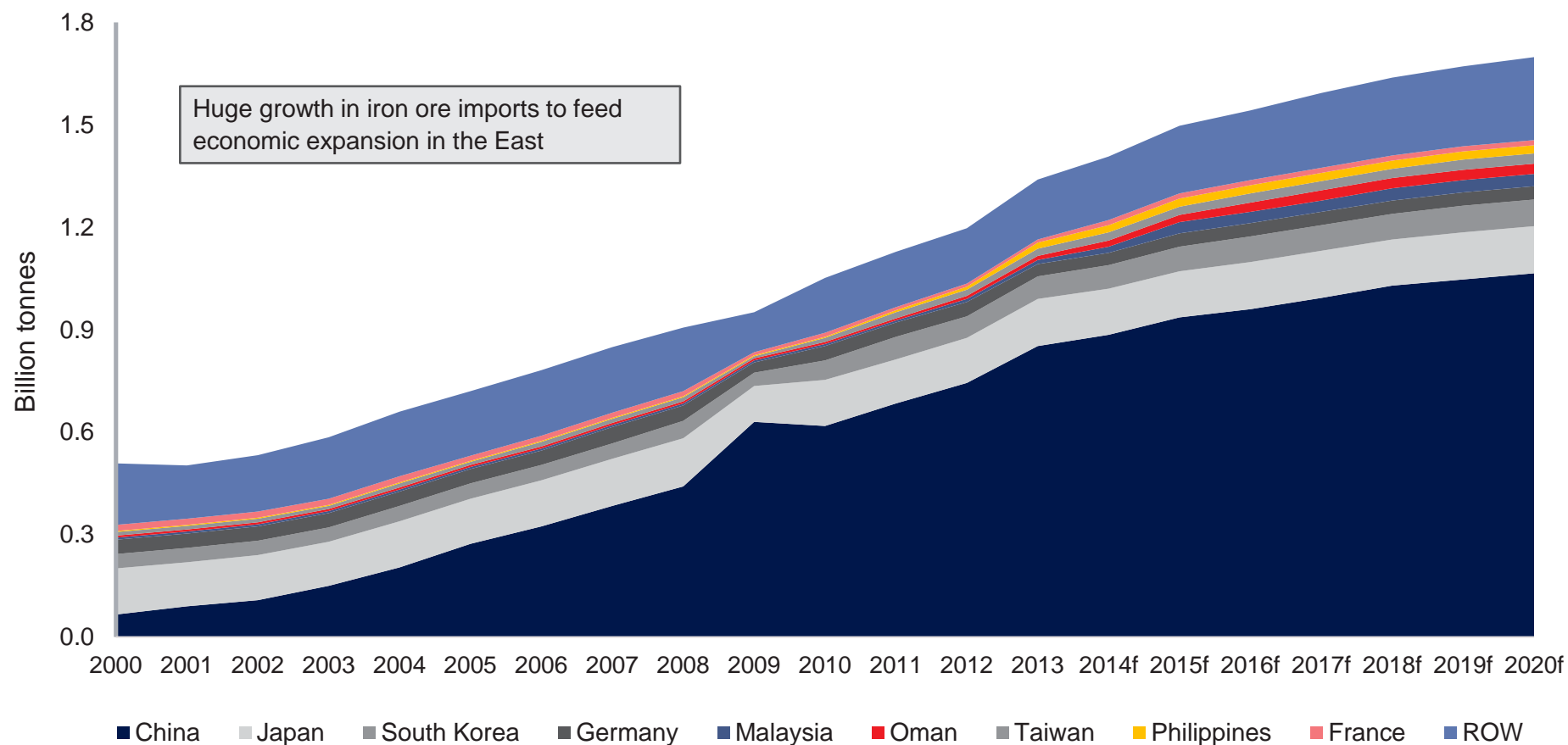
GLOBAL SEABORNE COAL TRADE



Source: Braemar Seascope, January 2014



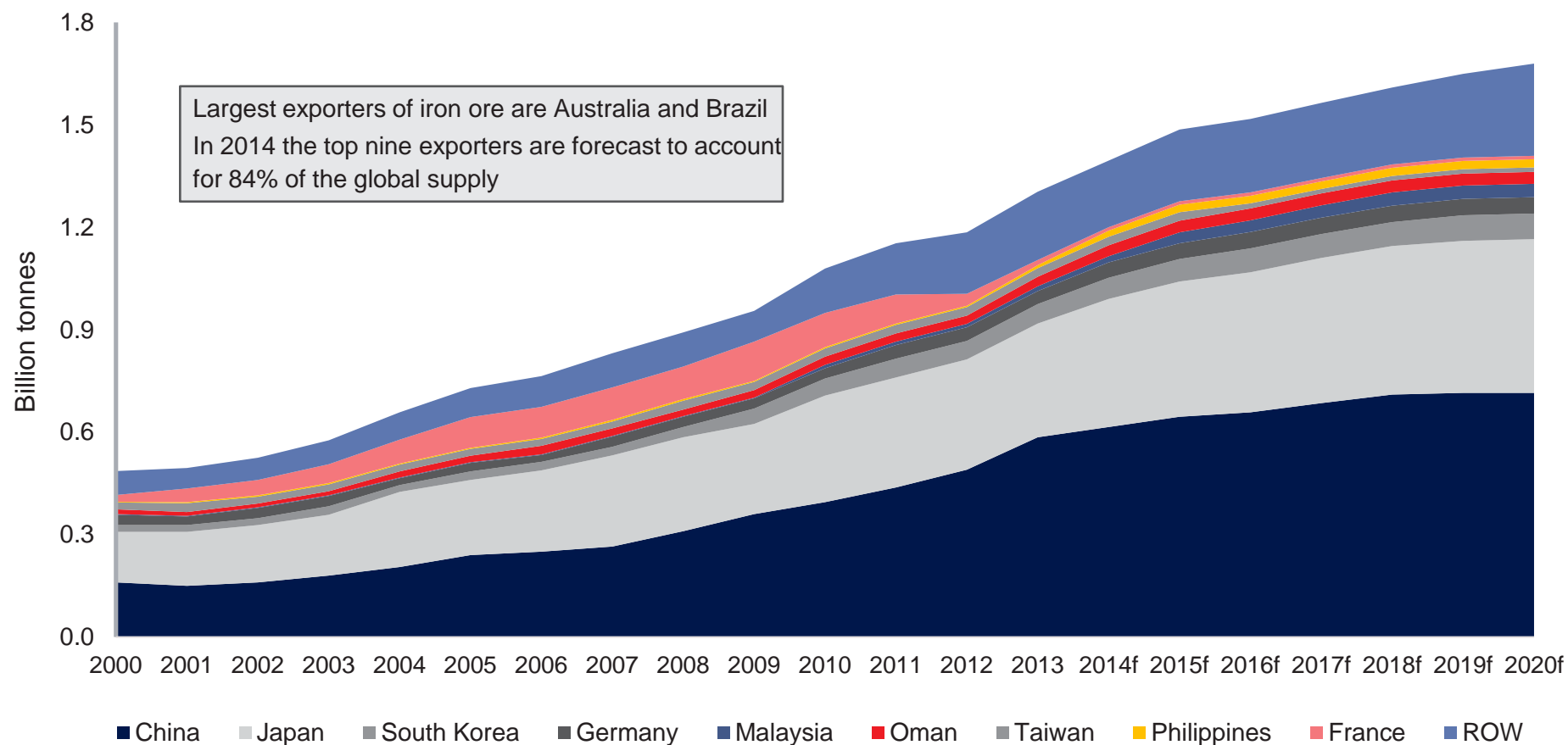
GLOBAL IRON ORE IMPORTERS



Source: Braemar Seascope, January 2014



GLOBAL IRON ORE EXPORTERS



Source: Braemar Seascope, January 2014



SCRAPPING



dwt '000	Handysize bulker	Handymax bulker	Panamax bulker	Capesize bulker	Handy* products tanker	Handy* chemical tanker	Total	All other types	Total scrapping
2010	2 700	400	700	2 700	3 200	1 400	11 100	16 900	28 000
2011	5 300	2 200	5 200	10 500	1 400	700	25 300	17 200	42 500
2012	8 200	4 600	8 700	11 900	1 300	600	35 300	22 900	58 200
2013	6 200	3 100	4 300	8 000	1 400	200	23 200	22 100	45 300

* Handy tankers cover 10 000-60 000 dwt range

Source: Clarkson Research (Shipping Intelligence Weekly and Shipping Intelligence Network, January 2014)



RESEARCH DISCLAIMER



The information supplied herewith is believed to be correct but the accuracy thereof is not guaranteed and the company and its employees and information sources cannot accept liability for loss suffered in consequence of reliance on the information provided. Provision of this data does not obviate the need to make further appropriate enquiries and inspections. The information is for the use of the recipient only and is not to be used in any document for the purposes of raising finance without the written permission of Clarkson Research Services Limited (CRSL) and/or Maersk Broker and/or Hartland Shipping Services Limited and/or Braemar Seascope and/or NAAMSA and/or (the Information Sources).

For the statistical and graphical information drawn from the Information Sources' databases, it is advised that:

- (i) some information on the Information Sources' databases are derived from estimates or subjective judgements;*
- (ii) the information in the databases of other maritime data collection agencies may differ from the information in the Information Sources' databases*
- (iii) while the Information Sources have taken reasonable care in the compilation of the statistical and graphical information and believe it to be accurate and correct, data compilation is subject to limited audit and validation procedures and may accordingly contain errors;*
- (iv) the Information Sources, their agents, officers and employees do not accept liability for any loss suffered in consequence of reliance on such information or in any other manner;*
- (v) the provision of such information does not obviate any need to make appropriate further enquiries;*
- (vi) the provision of such information is not an endorsement of any commercial policies and/or any conclusions by any of the Information Sources; and*
- (vii) shipping is a variable and cyclical business and any forecasting concerning it cannot be very accurate.*





an integrated business